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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/775,585	02/05/2001	E. Stephen Crandall	1999-0735-CIP	9273
83224 7590 02/17/2010 AT & T LEGAL DEPARTMENT - NDQ ATTN: PATENT DOCKETING ONE AT & T WAY, ROOM 2A-207			EXAMINER	
			SHINGLES, KRISTIE D	
BEDMINSTER, NJ 07921			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2444	
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			02/17/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/775,585	CRANDALL, E. STEPHEN					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	KRISTIE D. SHINGLES	2444					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ja	nuarv 2010.						
,	action is non-final.						
	-						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>39-54</u> is/are pending in the application	1.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>39-54</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							

DETAILED ACTION

Per Applicant's Request for Continued Examination

Claims 39 and 46 have been amended. Claims 1-38 have been cancelled.

Claims 39-54 are pending.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

I. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/20/2010 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

II. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 39 and 46 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- III. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

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such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- IV. <u>Claims 39 54</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beach et al (US 6,728,713) in view of Andros et al (US 5,045,850) in further view of Ritter (US 7,395,031)
- a. **Per claims 39 and 46** (differ only by statutory class), *Beach et al* teach the method for receiving performance content over a network for generating a pseudo-live performance, the method comprising:
 - detecting a need for the performance content by determining that stored performance content is out-of-date (col.6 lines 35-56, col.15 lines 4-11);
 - selecting a process for obtaining the performance content (col.7 lines 3-18);
 - executing the process for obtaining the performance content (col.7 lines 15-36); and
 - generating the pseudo-live performance by mixing content corresponding to a portion of the performance content with other content (col.12 line 15-col.13 line 6)
 - accessing a time-stamp of the stored performance content (col.16 lines 55-58), and
 - determining whether the time-stamp of the stored performance content matches the time of the latest update of the stored performance content (col.11 line 62-col.12 line 2, col.14 lines 45-51, col.16 lines 51-67).

Yet *Beach et al* fail to explicitly teach wherein the stored performance content is determined to be out-of-date based on a performance content class of the stored performance content; obtaining the needed performance content from at least one of a plurality of performance transmitters based on a range of global positioning system (GPS) coordinates that can receive a broadcasting signal from the at least one of the plurality of performance transmitters; and determining whether stored performance content is out-of-date further

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comprises: transmitting a query to determine a time of a latest update of the stored performance content, receiving the time of latest update of the stored performance content in response to the transmitting of the query. However *Andros et al* teach that a user in a network may elect to receive updates for different types of content (sports, weather, stocks) at different times, wherein the content is updated at different frequencies according to it's type and source (col.12 line 64-col.13 line 22). Furthermore, *Ritter* teaches receiving geographic coordinates from a GPS receiver based on a predefined range of coordinates for location parameters (col.4 lines 45-55, col.4 line 67-col.5 line 17).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* for the purpose of determining that stored data is old or out-of-date by comparing latest update time values and updating different types of content at different rate. Maintaining the date and time of content modifications are common techniques used in the art for effectively implementing updates, synchronizing data and keeping track of the current version of stored content in order to keep the stored content up-to-date. It is obvious that different types of network content have different expiration times and therefore require more or less frequent update checking depending on the type of content. Furthermore it would have been obvious to use a GPS in the system that identifies the location with a range of coordinates of a user in order for the system to provide content to the user that is related to and associated with the user's global location.

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b. **Per claim 40**, *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* teach the method of claim 39, *Beach et al* further teach the method further comprising: accessing a profile wherein the profile indicates one or more of: a type of content desired by an end-user; a schedule of an end-user; and scheduled times at which content is transmitted by the at least one of the plurality of performance transmitters (*col.3 lines 44-48, col.15 line 44-col.16 line 50, col.17 line 16-col.18 line 37; Ritter—col.4 lines 45-55, col.4 line 67-col.5 line 17*).

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- c. Claim 47 is substantially similar to claim 40 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- d. **Per claim 41**, *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* teach the method of claim 39, *Beach et al* further teach the method further comprising determining whether a performance transmitter is capable of receiving and responding to a content request, wherein the determining further comprises at least one of: transmitting a query signal to the at least one of the plurality of performance transmitters; passively receiving a signal from the at least one of the plurality of performance transmitters; and accessing a profile (*col.3 lines 44-48, col.15 line 44-col.16 line 50; Ritter—col.4 lines 4-55*).
- e. **Claim 48** is substantially similar to claim 41 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.

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f. **Per claim 42**, *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* teach the method of claim 39, *Beach et al* further teach the method further comprising: generating a content request; and transmitting the content request to the at least one of the plurality of performance transmitters via the network (*col.15 line 44-col.16 line 44*; *Ritter—col.4 lines 4-67*).

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- g. **Claim 49** is substantially similar to claim 42 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- h. **Per claim 43**, *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* teach the method of claim 39, *Beach et al* further teach wherein the selecting the process comprises determining an appropriate time to receive information from a performance transmitter (*col.16 lines 36-67*, *col.18 lines 40-67; Ritter—col.4 line 67-col.5 line 17*).
- i. **Claim 50** is substantially similar to claim 43 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- j. **Per claim 44**, *Beach et al* with *Andros et al* and *Ritter* teach the method of claim 39, *Beach et al* further teach wherein generating the pseudo-live performance comprises: retrieving the other content; decoding at least one command of the other content; and performing at least one tasks instructed by the commands (*col.15 lines 12-51, col.20 lines 1-34*).
- k. **Claim 51** is substantially similar to claim 44 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.

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44, *Beach et al* further teach wherein the at least one command includes at least one of: a programming command that executes a software program, a housekeeping command that performs at least one of loading, deleting, changing and overlaying stored content, and a

Per claim 45, Beach et al with Andros et al and Ritter teach the method of claim

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performance command that reproduces stored content from a specified location of a storage

device (col.11 line 62-col.12 line 2, col.14 lines 45-51, col.16 lines 51-67, col.18 lines 40-61;

Ritter—col.4 lines 35-55).

m. Claim 52 is substantially similar to claim 44 and is therefore rejected under the

same basis.

n. **Per claim 53,** Beach et al with Andros et al and Ritter teach the method of claim

39, Beach et al further teach wherein the performance content includes multimedia performance

content (col.17 lines 1-32; Ritter—col.4 lines 20-34).

o. Claim 54 is substantially similar to claim 53 and is therefore rejected under the

same basis.

Conclusion

V. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to Applicant's

disclosure: Linton (7472409), White (7358857), Lee et al (6829475) and (6799201), Richard

(6785551), Perry et al (6147642), Obradovich et al (6133853).

VI. Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the reference(s) applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is

respectfully requested from the Applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the cited passages as taught by the prior art or relied upon by the examiner. Should Applicant amend the claims of the claimed invention, it is respectfully requested that Applicant clearly indicate the portion(s) of Applicant's specification that support the amended claim language for ascertaining the metes and bounds of Applicant's claimed invention.

VII. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kristie Shingles whose telephone number is 571-272-3888. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William C. Vaughn can be reached on 571-272-3922. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kristie D. Shingles/ Examiner, Art Unit 2444